

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA  
ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE  
SECOND SESSION

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 1023**

FINAL READING

Introduced by von Gillern, 4; Aguilar, 35; Ballard, 21; Bostar, 29; Brandt, 32; Conrad, 46; DeKay, 40; Holdcroft, 36; Hughes, 24; Ibach, 44; Kauth, 31; Linehan, 39; Lowe, 37; Murman, 38; Riepe, 12; Vargas, 7; Brewer, 43; Albrecht, 17; Blood, 3.

Read first time January 05, 2024

Committee: Revenue

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections  
2 77-2733 and 86-704, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections  
3 77-908, 77-3806, 77-6831, and 81-523, Revised Statutes Cumulative  
4 Supplement, 2022, and sections 77-2701, 77-2715.07, 77-2716,  
5 77-2717, and 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023; to adopt  
6 the Relocation Incentive Act; to provide for adjustments to federal  
7 adjusted gross income for nonresidents and for certain businesses  
8 for research or experimental expenditures and the cost of certain  
9 property; to change provisions relating to the taxation of  
10 nonresident income; to provide for additional incentives under the  
11 Imagine Nebraska Act; to change the occupation tax relating to  
12 telecommunications services; to harmonize provisions; to provide  
13 operative dates; to provide severability; and to repeal the original  
14 sections.

15 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1           Section 1. Sections 1 to 6 of this act shall be known and may be  
2 cited as the Relocation Incentive Act.

3           Sec. 2. For purposes of the Relocation Incentive Act:

4           (1) Department means the Department of Revenue; and

5           (2) Qualifying employee means an individual who moves to the State  
6 of Nebraska for the purpose of accepting a position of employment.

7           Sec. 3. (1) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or  
8 after January 1, 2025, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
9 amended, an employer that pays relocation expenses for a qualifying  
10 employee shall be eligible to receive a credit that may be used to offset  
11 any income taxes due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, any premium  
12 and related retaliatory taxes due under section 44-150, 77-908, or  
13 81-523, or any franchise taxes due under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807.

14           (2) The credit provided in this section shall be a refundable credit  
15 in an amount equal to fifty percent of the relocation expenses that were  
16 paid by the employer for a qualifying employee during the taxable year,  
17 not to exceed a maximum credit of five thousand dollars per qualifying  
18 employee.

19           (3) No credit shall be granted under this section unless the  
20 qualifying employee will receive an annual salary of at least seventy  
21 thousand dollars per year and not more than two hundred fifty thousand  
22 dollars per year.

23           (4) Any credit claimed by an employer under this section shall be  
24 recaptured by the department if the qualifying employee moves out of the  
25 state within two years after the credit is claimed. Any amount required  
26 to be recaptured shall be deemed an underpayment of tax and shall be due  
27 and payable on the tax return that is due immediately following the loss  
28 of residency.

29           (5) Notwithstanding any other limitation contained in the laws of  
30 this state, collection of any taxes deemed to be an underpayment by this  
31 section shall be allowed for a period of three years following the due

1 date of the recaptured taxes.

2 (6) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
3 January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the  
4 department shall adjust the dollar amounts provided in subsection (3) of  
5 this section by the same percentage used to adjust individual income tax  
6 brackets under subsection (3) of section 77-2715.03.

7 (7) An employer shall apply for the credit provided in this section  
8 by submitting an application to the department on a form prescribed by  
9 the department. Subject to subsection (8) of this section, if the  
10 department determines that the employer qualifies for tax credits under  
11 this section, the department shall approve the application and certify  
12 the amount of credits approved to the employer.

13 (8) The department shall consider applications in the order in which  
14 they are received and may approve tax credits under this section in any  
15 year until the aggregate limit allowed under section 4 of this act has  
16 been reached.

17 (9) An employer shall claim any tax credits granted under this  
18 section by attaching the tax credit certification received from the  
19 department under subsection (7) of this section to the employer's tax  
20 return.

21 (10) An employer claiming a tax credit under the Relocation  
22 Incentive Act against any premium and related retaliatory taxes due under  
23 section 44-150, 77-908, or 81-523 shall not be required to pay any  
24 additional retaliatory tax as a result of claiming the tax credit. The  
25 tax credit may fully offset any retaliatory tax imposed under Nebraska  
26 law. Any tax credit claimed shall be considered a payment of tax for  
27 purposes of subsection (1) of section 77-2734.03.

28 Sec. 4. The department may approve tax credits under the Relocation  
29 Incentive Act each year until the total amount of credits approved for  
30 the year reaches five million dollars.

31 Sec. 5. (1) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or

1 after January 1, 2025, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
2 amended, a qualifying employee shall be eligible to make a one-time  
3 election within two calendar years of becoming a Nebraska resident to  
4 exclude all Nebraska-sourced wage income earned and received from an  
5 employer, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, if (a)  
6 the annual Nebraska-sourced wage income of the position accepted by the  
7 qualifying employee is at least seventy thousand dollars per year but not  
8 more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars per year and (b) the  
9 qualifying employee was not a resident of the state in the year prior to  
10 the year in which residency is being claimed for purposes of qualifying  
11 for such exclusion.

12 (2) For any qualifying employee who fails to maintain residency for  
13 two full calendar years following the calendar year in which the  
14 exclusion was taken, any reduction in tax as a result of such exclusion  
15 shall be fully recaptured from the qualifying employee by the department.  
16 The amount required to be recaptured shall be deemed an underpayment of  
17 tax and shall be due and payable on the tax return that is due  
18 immediately following the loss of residency.

19 (3) Notwithstanding any other limitation contained in the laws of  
20 this state, collection of any taxes deemed to be an underpayment by this  
21 section shall be allowed for a period of three years following the due  
22 date of the recaptured taxes.

23 (4) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
24 January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the  
25 department shall adjust the dollar amounts provided in subsection (1) of  
26 this section by the same percentage used to adjust individual income tax  
27 brackets under subsection (3) of section 77-2715.03.

28 Sec. 6. The department may adopt and promulgate rules and  
29 regulations to carry out the Relocation Incentive Act.

30 Sec. 7. Section 77-908, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
31 2022, is amended to read:

1           77-908 Every insurance company organized under the stock, mutual,  
2 assessment, or reciprocal plan, except fraternal benefit societies, which  
3 is transacting business in this state shall, on or before March 1 of each  
4 year, pay a tax to the director of one percent of the gross amount of  
5 direct writing premiums received by it during the preceding calendar year  
6 for business done in this state, except that (1) for group sickness and  
7 accident insurance the rate of such tax shall be five-tenths of one  
8 percent and (2) for property and casualty insurance, excluding individual  
9 sickness and accident insurance, the rate of such tax shall be one  
10 percent. A captive insurer authorized under the Captive Insurers Act that  
11 is transacting business in this state shall, on or before March 1 of each  
12 year, pay to the director a tax of one-fourth of one percent of the gross  
13 amount of direct writing premiums received by such insurer during the  
14 preceding calendar year for business transacted in the state. The taxable  
15 premiums shall include premiums paid on the lives of persons residing in  
16 this state and premiums paid for risks located in this state whether the  
17 insurance was written in this state or not, including that portion of a  
18 group premium paid which represents the premium for insurance on Nebraska  
19 residents or risks located in Nebraska included within the group when the  
20 number of lives in the group exceeds five hundred. The tax shall also  
21 apply to premiums received by domestic companies for insurance written on  
22 individuals residing outside this state or risks located outside this  
23 state if no comparable tax is paid by the direct writing domestic company  
24 to any other appropriate taxing authority. Companies whose scheme of  
25 operation contemplates the return of a portion of premiums to  
26 policyholders, without such policyholders being claimants under the terms  
27 of their policies, may deduct such return premiums or dividends from  
28 their gross premiums for the purpose of tax calculations. Any such  
29 insurance company shall receive a credit on the tax imposed as provided  
30 in the Community Development Assistance Act, the Nebraska Job Creation  
31 and Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment

1 Act, the Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the Relocation Incentive  
2 Act, and the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act.

3 Sec. 8. Section 77-2701, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is  
4 amended to read:

5 77-2701 Sections 77-2701 to 77-27,135.01, 77-27,222, 77-27,235,  
6 77-27,236, and 77-27,238 to 77-27,241 and section 11 of this act shall be  
7 known and may be cited as the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967.

8 Sec. 9. Section 77-2715.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is  
9 amended to read:

10 77-2715.07 (1) There shall be allowed to qualified resident  
11 individuals as a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by  
12 the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

13 (a) A credit equal to the federal credit allowed under section 22 of  
14 the Internal Revenue Code; and

15 (b) A credit for taxes paid to another state as provided in section  
16 77-2730.

17 (2) There shall be allowed to qualified resident individuals against  
18 the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

19 (a) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross incomes of  
20 greater than twenty-nine thousand dollars, a nonrefundable credit equal  
21 to twenty-five percent of the federal credit allowed under section 21 of  
22 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that for taxable  
23 years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such  
24 nonrefundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have  
25 received the federal credit allowed under section 21 of the code after  
26 adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted  
27 pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal  
28 credit;

29 (b) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross income of  
30 twenty-nine thousand dollars or less, a refundable credit equal to a  
31 percentage of the federal credit allowable under section 21 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, whether or not the federal  
2 credit was limited by the federal tax liability. The percentage of the  
3 federal credit shall be one hundred percent for incomes not greater than  
4 twenty-two thousand dollars, and the percentage shall be reduced by ten  
5 percent for each one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, by which the  
6 reported federal adjusted gross income exceeds twenty-two thousand  
7 dollars, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or  
8 after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if  
9 the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under  
10 section 21 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net  
11 operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining  
12 eligibility for the federal credit;

13 (c) A refundable credit as provided in section 77-5209.01 for  
14 individuals who qualify for an income tax credit as a qualified beginning  
15 farmer or livestock producer under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act  
16 for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1,  
17 2006, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

18 (d) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income  
19 tax credit under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska  
20 Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research  
21 and Development Act, or the Volunteer Emergency Responders Incentive Act;  
22 and

23 (e) A refundable credit equal to ten percent of the federal credit  
24 allowed under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
25 amended, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or  
26 after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if  
27 the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under  
28 section 32 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net  
29 operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining  
30 eligibility for the federal credit.

31 (3) There shall be allowed to all individuals as a nonrefundable

1 credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of  
2 1967:

3 (a) A credit for personal exemptions allowed under section  
4 77-2716.01;

5 (b) A credit for contributions to certified community betterment  
6 programs as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act. Each  
7 partner, each shareholder of an electing subchapter S corporation, each  
8 beneficiary of an estate or trust, or each member of a limited liability  
9 company shall report his or her share of the credit in the same manner  
10 and proportion as he or she reports the partnership, subchapter S  
11 corporation, estate, trust, or limited liability company income;

12 (c) A credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in  
13 section 77-27,236;

14 (d) A credit as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment  
15 Act;

16 (e) A credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet  
17 Revitalization Act;

18 (f) A credit to employers as provided in sections 77-27,238 and  
19 77-27,240;

20 (g) A credit as provided in the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act;

21 (h) A credit to grocery store retailers, restaurants, and  
22 agricultural producers as provided in section 77-27,241; and

23 (i) A credit as provided in the Opportunity Scholarships Act.

24 (4) There shall be allowed as a credit against the income tax  
25 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

26 (a) A credit to all resident estates and trusts for taxes paid to  
27 another state as provided in section 77-2730;

28 (b) A credit to all estates and trusts for contributions to  
29 certified community betterment programs as provided in the Community  
30 Development Assistance Act; and

31 (c) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income



1 tax credit as an owner of agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer  
2 Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or  
3 after January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
4 amended. The credit allowed for each partner, shareholder, member, or  
5 beneficiary of a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or  
6 estate or trust qualifying for an income tax credit as an owner of  
7 agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act shall be  
8 equal to the partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion  
9 of the amount of tax credit distributed pursuant to subsection (6) of  
10 section 77-5211.

11 (5)(a) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007,  
12 and before January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
13 amended, there shall be allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or  
14 beneficiary of a partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability  
15 company, or estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax  
16 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to fifty percent of the  
17 partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion of the  
18 amount of franchise tax paid to the state under sections 77-3801 to  
19 77-3807 by a financial institution.

20 (b) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009,  
21 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be  
22 allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a  
23 partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, or  
24 estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by  
25 the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to the partner's, shareholder's,  
26 member's, or beneficiary's portion of the amount of franchise tax paid to  
27 the state under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807 by a financial institution.

28 (c) Each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary shall report  
29 his or her share of the credit in the same manner and proportion as he or  
30 she reports the partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability  
31 company, or estate or trust income. If any partner, shareholder, member,

1 or beneficiary cannot fully utilize the credit for that year, the credit  
2 may not be carried forward or back.

3 (6) There shall be allowed to all individuals nonrefundable credits  
4 against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as  
5 provided in section 77-3604 and refundable credits against the income tax  
6 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as provided in section  
7 77-3605.

8 (7)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
9 January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue  
10 Code of 1986, as amended, a nonrefundable credit against the income tax  
11 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 in the amount of five  
12 thousand dollars shall be allowed to any individual who purchases a  
13 residence during the taxable year if such residence:

14 (i) Is located within an area that has been declared an extremely  
15 blighted area under section 18-2101.02;

16 (ii) Is the individual's primary residence; and

17 (iii) Was not purchased from a family member of the individual or a  
18 family member of the individual's spouse.

19 (b) The credit provided in this subsection shall be claimed for the  
20 taxable year in which the residence is purchased. If the individual  
21 cannot fully utilize the credit for such year, the credit may be carried  
22 forward to subsequent taxable years until fully utilized.

23 (c) No more than one credit may be claimed under this subsection  
24 with respect to a single residence.

25 (d) The credit provided in this subsection shall be subject to  
26 recapture by the Department of Revenue if the individual claiming the  
27 credit sells or otherwise transfers the residence or quits using the  
28 residence as his or her primary residence within five years after the end  
29 of the taxable year in which the credit was claimed.

30 (e) For purposes of this subsection, family member means an  
31 individual's spouse, child, parent, brother, sister, grandchild, or

1 grandparent, whether by blood, marriage, or adoption.

2 (8) There shall be allowed to all individuals refundable credits  
3 against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as  
4 provided in the Nebraska Biodiesel Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Higher  
5 Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the  
6 Relocation Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax  
7 Credit Act.

8 (9)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
9 January 1, 2022, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a  
10 refundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue  
11 Act of 1967 shall be allowed to the parent of a stillborn child if:

12 (i) A fetal death certificate is filed pursuant to subsection (1) of  
13 section 71-606 for such child;

14 (ii) Such child had advanced to at least the twentieth week of  
15 gestation; and

16 (iii) Such child would have been a dependent of the individual  
17 claiming the credit.

18 (b) The amount of the credit shall be two thousand dollars.

19 (c) The credit shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the  
20 stillbirth occurred.

21 (10) There shall be allowed to all individuals refundable credits  
22 against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as  
23 provided in section 77-7203 and nonrefundable credits against the income  
24 tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as provided in section  
25 77-7204.

26 Sec. 10. Section 77-2716, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is  
27 amended to read:

28 77-2716 (1) The following adjustments to federal adjusted gross  
29 income or, for corporations and fiduciaries, federal taxable income shall  
30 be made for interest or dividends received:

31 (a)(i) There shall be subtracted interest or dividends received by

1 the owner of obligations of the United States and its territories and  
2 possessions or of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the  
3 United States to the extent includable in gross income for federal income  
4 tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the  
5 United States; and

6 (ii) There shall be subtracted interest received by the owner of  
7 obligations of the State of Nebraska or its political subdivisions or  
8 authorities which are Build America Bonds to the extent includable in  
9 gross income for federal income tax purposes;

10 (b) There shall be subtracted that portion of the total dividends  
11 and other income received from a regulated investment company which is  
12 attributable to obligations described in subdivision (a) of this  
13 subsection as reported to the recipient by the regulated investment  
14 company;

15 (c) There shall be added interest or dividends received by the owner  
16 of obligations of the District of Columbia, other states of the United  
17 States, or their political subdivisions, authorities, commissions, or  
18 instrumentalities to the extent excluded in the computation of gross  
19 income for federal income tax purposes except that such interest or  
20 dividends shall not be added if received by a corporation which is a  
21 regulated investment company;

22 (d) There shall be added that portion of the total dividends and  
23 other income received from a regulated investment company which is  
24 attributable to obligations described in subdivision (c) of this  
25 subsection and excluded for federal income tax purposes as reported to  
26 the recipient by the regulated investment company; and

27 (e)(i) Any amount subtracted under this subsection shall be reduced  
28 by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the obligations or  
29 securities described in this subsection or the investment in the  
30 regulated investment company and by any expenses incurred in the  
31 production of interest or dividend income described in this subsection to

1 the extent that such expenses, including amortizable bond premiums, are  
2 deductible in determining federal taxable income.

3 (ii) Any amount added under this subsection shall be reduced by any  
4 expenses incurred in the production of such income to the extent  
5 disallowed in the computation of federal taxable income.

6 (2) There shall be allowed a net operating loss derived from or  
7 connected with Nebraska sources computed under rules and regulations  
8 adopted and promulgated by the Tax Commissioner consistent, to the extent  
9 possible under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, with the laws of the  
10 United States. For a resident individual, estate, or trust, the net  
11 operating loss computed on the federal income tax return shall be  
12 adjusted by the modifications contained in this section. For a  
13 nonresident individual, estate, or trust or for a partial-year resident  
14 individual, the net operating loss computed on the federal return shall  
15 be adjusted by the modifications contained in this section and any  
16 carryovers or carrybacks shall be limited to the portion of the loss  
17 derived from or connected with Nebraska sources.

18 (3) There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income for  
19 all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1987, the amount of  
20 any state income tax refund to the extent such refund was deducted under  
21 the Internal Revenue Code, was not allowed in the computation of the tax  
22 due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and is included in federal  
23 adjusted gross income.

24 (4) Federal adjusted gross income, or, for a fiduciary, federal  
25 taxable income shall be modified to exclude the portion of the income or  
26 loss received from a small business corporation with an election in  
27 effect under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code or from a limited  
28 liability company organized pursuant to the Nebraska Uniform Limited  
29 Liability Company Act that is not derived from or connected with Nebraska  
30 sources as determined in section 77-2734.01.

31 (5) There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income or,

1 for corporations and fiduciaries, federal taxable income dividends  
2 received or deemed to be received from corporations which are not subject  
3 to the Internal Revenue Code.

4 (6) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income a portion  
5 of the income earned by a corporation subject to the Internal Revenue  
6 Code of 1986 that is actually taxed by a foreign country or one of its  
7 political subdivisions at a rate in excess of the maximum federal tax  
8 rate for corporations. The taxpayer may make the computation for each  
9 foreign country or for groups of foreign countries. The portion of the  
10 taxes that may be deducted shall be computed in the following manner:

11 (a) The amount of federal taxable income from operations within a  
12 foreign taxing jurisdiction shall be reduced by the amount of taxes  
13 actually paid to the foreign jurisdiction that are not deductible solely  
14 because the foreign tax credit was elected on the federal income tax  
15 return;

16 (b) The amount of after-tax income shall be divided by one minus the  
17 maximum tax rate for corporations in the Internal Revenue Code; and

18 (c) The result of the calculation in subdivision (b) of this  
19 subsection shall be subtracted from the amount of federal taxable income  
20 used in subdivision (a) of this subsection. The result of such  
21 calculation, if greater than zero, shall be subtracted from federal  
22 taxable income.

23 (7) Federal adjusted gross income shall be modified to exclude any  
24 amount repaid by the taxpayer for which a reduction in federal tax is  
25 allowed under section 1341(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

26 (8)(a) Federal adjusted gross income or, for corporations and  
27 fiduciaries, federal taxable income shall be reduced, to the extent  
28 included, by income from interest, earnings, and state contributions  
29 received from the Nebraska educational savings plan trust created in  
30 sections 85-1801 to 85-1817 and any account established under the  
31 achieving a better life experience program as provided in sections

1 77-1401 to 77-1409.

2 (b) Federal adjusted gross income or, for corporations and  
3 fiduciaries, federal taxable income shall be reduced by any contributions  
4 as a participant in the Nebraska educational savings plan trust or  
5 contributions to an account established under the achieving a better life  
6 experience program made for the benefit of a beneficiary as provided in  
7 sections 77-1401 to 77-1409, to the extent not deducted for federal  
8 income tax purposes, but not to exceed five thousand dollars per married  
9 filing separate return or ten thousand dollars for any other return. With  
10 respect to a qualified rollover within the meaning of section 529 of the  
11 Internal Revenue Code from another state's plan, any interest, earnings,  
12 and state contributions received from the other state's educational  
13 savings plan which is qualified under section 529 of the code shall  
14 qualify for the reduction provided in this subdivision. For contributions  
15 by a custodian of a custodial account including rollovers from another  
16 custodial account, the reduction shall only apply to funds added to the  
17 custodial account after January 1, 2014.

18 (c) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
19 January 1, 2021, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,  
20 federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced, to the extent included in  
21 the adjusted gross income of an individual, by the amount of any  
22 contribution made by the individual's employer into an account under the  
23 Nebraska educational savings plan trust owned by the individual, not to  
24 exceed five thousand dollars per married filing separate return or ten  
25 thousand dollars for any other return.

26 (d) Federal adjusted gross income or, for corporations and  
27 fiduciaries, federal taxable income shall be increased by:

28 (i) The amount resulting from the cancellation of a participation  
29 agreement refunded to the taxpayer as a participant in the Nebraska  
30 educational savings plan trust to the extent previously deducted under  
31 subdivision (8)(b) of this section; and

1 (ii) The amount of any withdrawals by the owner of an account  
2 established under the achieving a better life experience program as  
3 provided in sections 77-1401 to 77-1409 for nonqualified expenses to the  
4 extent previously deducted under subdivision (8)(b) of this section.

5 (9)(a) For income tax returns filed after September 10, 2001, for  
6 taxable years beginning or deemed to begin before January 1, 2006, under  
7 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, federal adjusted gross  
8 income or, for corporations and fiduciaries, federal taxable income shall  
9 be increased by eighty-five percent of any amount of any federal bonus  
10 depreciation received under the federal Job Creation and Worker  
11 Assistance Act of 2002 or the federal Jobs and Growth Tax Act of 2003,  
12 under section 168(k) or section 1400L of the Internal Revenue Code of  
13 1986, as amended, for assets placed in service after September 10, 2001,  
14 and before December 31, 2005.

15 (b) For a partnership, limited liability company, cooperative,  
16 including any cooperative exempt from income taxes under section 521 of  
17 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, limited cooperative  
18 association, subchapter S corporation, or joint venture, the increase  
19 shall be distributed to the partners, members, shareholders, patrons, or  
20 beneficiaries in the same manner as income is distributed for use against  
21 their income tax liabilities.

22 (c) For a corporation with a unitary business having activity both  
23 inside and outside the state, the increase shall be apportioned to  
24 Nebraska in the same manner as income is apportioned to the state by  
25 section 77-2734.05.

26 (d) The amount of bonus depreciation added to federal adjusted gross  
27 income or, for corporations and fiduciaries, federal taxable income by  
28 this subsection shall be subtracted in a later taxable year. Twenty  
29 percent of the total amount of bonus depreciation added back by this  
30 subsection for tax years beginning or deemed to begin before January 1,  
31 2003, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, may be



1 subtracted in the first taxable year beginning or deemed to begin on or  
2 after January 1, 2005, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
3 amended, and twenty percent in each of the next four following taxable  
4 years. Twenty percent of the total amount of bonus depreciation added  
5 back by this subsection for tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or  
6 after January 1, 2003, may be subtracted in the first taxable year  
7 beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2006, under the  
8 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and twenty percent in each of  
9 the next four following taxable years.

10 (10) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
11 January 1, 2003, and before January 1, 2006, under the Internal Revenue  
12 Code of 1986, as amended, federal adjusted gross income or, for  
13 corporations and fiduciaries, federal taxable income shall be increased  
14 by the amount of any capital investment that is expensed under section  
15 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that is in excess  
16 of twenty-five thousand dollars that is allowed under the federal Jobs  
17 and Growth Tax Act of 2003. Twenty percent of the total amount of  
18 expensing added back by this subsection for tax years beginning or deemed  
19 to begin on or after January 1, 2003, may be subtracted in the first  
20 taxable year beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2006,  
21 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and twenty percent  
22 in each of the next four following tax years.

23 (11)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin before  
24 January 1, 2018, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,  
25 federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced by contributions, up to  
26 two thousand dollars per married filing jointly return or one thousand  
27 dollars for any other return, and any investment earnings made as a  
28 participant in the Nebraska long-term care savings plan under the Long-  
29 Term Care Savings Plan Act, to the extent not deducted for federal income  
30 tax purposes.

31 (b) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin before January 1,

1 2018, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, federal  
2 adjusted gross income shall be increased by the withdrawals made as a  
3 participant in the Nebraska long-term care savings plan under the act by  
4 a person who is not a qualified individual or for any reason other than  
5 transfer of funds to a spouse, long-term care expenses, long-term care  
6 insurance premiums, or death of the participant, including withdrawals  
7 made by reason of cancellation of the participation agreement, to the  
8 extent previously deducted as a contribution or as investment earnings.

9 (12) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income for  
10 individuals, estates, and trusts any amount taken as a credit for  
11 franchise tax paid by a financial institution under sections 77-3801 to  
12 77-3807 as allowed by subsection (5) of section 77-2715.07.

13 (13)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
14 January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2024, under the Internal Revenue  
15 Code of 1986, as amended, federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced  
16 by the amount received as benefits under the federal Social Security Act  
17 which are included in the federal adjusted gross income if:

18 (i) For taxpayers filing a married filing joint return, federal  
19 adjusted gross income is fifty-eight thousand dollars or less; or

20 (ii) For taxpayers filing any other return, federal adjusted gross  
21 income is forty-three thousand dollars or less.

22 (b) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
23 January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2024, under the Internal Revenue  
24 Code of 1986, as amended, the Tax Commissioner shall adjust the dollar  
25 amounts provided in subdivisions (13)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section by  
26 the same percentage used to adjust individual income tax brackets under  
27 subsection (3) of section 77-2715.03.

28 (c) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
29 January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2024, under the Internal Revenue  
30 Code of 1986, as amended, a taxpayer may claim the reduction to federal  
31 adjusted gross income allowed under this subsection or the reduction to

1 federal adjusted gross income allowed under subsection (14) of this  
2 section, whichever provides the greater reduction.

3 (14)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
4 January 1, 2021, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,  
5 federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced by a percentage of the  
6 social security benefits that are received and included in federal  
7 adjusted gross income. The pertinent percentage shall be:

8 (i) Five percent for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on  
9 or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2022, under the Internal  
10 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

11 (ii) Forty percent for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on  
12 or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2023, under the Internal  
13 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

14 (iii) Sixty percent for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin  
15 on or after January 1, 2023, and before January 1, 2024, under the  
16 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; and

17 (iv) One hundred percent for taxable years beginning or deemed to  
18 begin on or after January 1, 2024, under the Internal Revenue Code of  
19 1986, as amended.

20 (b) For purposes of this subsection, social security benefits means  
21 benefits received under the federal Social Security Act.

22 (c) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
23 January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2024, under the Internal Revenue  
24 Code of 1986, as amended, a taxpayer may claim the reduction to federal  
25 adjusted gross income allowed under this subsection or the reduction to  
26 federal adjusted gross income allowed under subsection (13) of this  
27 section, whichever provides the greater reduction.

28 (15)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
29 January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2022, under the Internal Revenue  
30 Code of 1986, as amended, an individual may make a one-time election  
31 within two calendar years after the date of his or her retirement from

1 the military to exclude income received as a military retirement benefit  
2 by the individual to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income  
3 and as provided in this subdivision. The individual may elect to exclude  
4 forty percent of his or her military retirement benefit income for seven  
5 consecutive taxable years beginning with the year in which the election  
6 is made or may elect to exclude fifteen percent of his or her military  
7 retirement benefit income for all taxable years beginning with the year  
8 in which he or she turns sixty-seven years of age.

9 (b) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
10 January 1, 2022, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, an  
11 individual may exclude one hundred percent of the military retirement  
12 benefit income received by such individual to the extent included in  
13 federal adjusted gross income.

14 (c) For purposes of this subsection, military retirement benefit  
15 means retirement benefits that are periodic payments attributable to  
16 service in the uniformed services of the United States for personal  
17 services performed by an individual prior to his or her retirement. The  
18 term includes retirement benefits described in this subdivision that are  
19 reported to the individual on either:

20 (i) An Internal Revenue Service Form 1099-R received from the United  
21 States Department of Defense; or

22 (ii) An Internal Revenue Service Form 1099-R received from the  
23 United States Office of Personnel Management.

24 (16) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
25 January 1, 2021, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,  
26 federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced by the amount received as  
27 a Segal AmeriCorps Education Award, to the extent such amount is included  
28 in federal adjusted gross income.

29 (17) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
30 January 1, 2022, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,  
31 federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced by the amount received by

1 or on behalf of a firefighter for cancer benefits under the Firefighter  
2 Cancer Benefits Act to the extent included in federal adjusted gross  
3 income.

4 (18) There shall be subtracted from the federal adjusted gross  
5 income of individuals any amount received by the individual as student  
6 loan repayment assistance under the Teach in Nebraska Today Act, to the  
7 extent such amount is included in federal adjusted gross income.

8 (19) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
9 January 1, 2023, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a  
10 retired individual who was employed full time as a firefighter or  
11 certified law enforcement officer for at least twenty years and who is at  
12 least sixty years of age as of the end of the taxable year may reduce his  
13 or her federal adjusted gross income by the amount of health insurance  
14 premiums paid by such individual during the taxable year, to the extent  
15 such premiums were not already deducted in determining the individual's  
16 federal adjusted gross income.

17 (20) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
18 January 1, 2024, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, an  
19 individual may reduce his or her federal adjusted gross income by the  
20 amounts received as annuities under the Federal Employees Retirement  
21 System or the Civil Service Retirement System which were earned for being  
22 employed by the federal government, to the extent such amounts are  
23 included in federal adjusted gross income.

24 (21) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
25 January 1, 2025, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, an  
26 individual who is a qualifying employee as defined in section 2 of this  
27 act may reduce his or her federal adjusted gross income by the amount  
28 allowed under section 5 of this act.

29 (22) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
30 January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,  
31 federal adjusted gross income or, for corporations and fiduciaries,

1 federal taxable income shall be reduced by the amounts allowed to be  
2 deducted pursuant to section 11 of this act.

3 Sec. 11. (1) For purposes of this section:

4 (a) Full expensing means a method for taxpayers to recover their  
5 costs for certain expenditures in depreciable business assets by  
6 immediately deducting sixty percent of the full cost of such expenditures  
7 in the tax year in which the property is placed in service;

8 (b) Internal Revenue Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,  
9 as amended;

10 (c) Qualified improvement property has the same meaning as in  
11 section 168(e)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code and shall apply to  
12 property placed in service after December 31, 2024;

13 (d) Qualified property has the same meaning as in section 168(k) of  
14 the Internal Revenue Code and shall apply to property placed in service  
15 after December 31, 2024; and

16 (e) Research or experimental expenditures has the same meaning as in  
17 26 C.F.R. 1.174-2.

18 (2)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
19 January 1, 2025, the cost of expenditures for business assets that are  
20 qualified property or qualified improvement property covered under  
21 section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be eligible for full  
22 expensing and may be deducted as an expense incurred by the taxpayer  
23 during the taxable year during which the property is placed in service,  
24 notwithstanding any changes to federal law related to depreciation of  
25 property beginning January 1, 2023, or on any other date. Such deduction  
26 shall be allowed only to the extent that such cost has not already been  
27 deducted in determining federal adjusted gross income or, for  
28 corporations and fiduciaries, federal taxable income.

29 (b) If the taxpayer does not fully expense the costs described in  
30 this subsection in the taxable year in which the property is placed in  
31 service, the taxpayer may elect to depreciate the costs over a five-year

1 irrevocable term.

2 (3)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
3 January 1, 2025, a taxpayer may elect to treat research or experimental  
4 expenditures which are paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the  
5 taxable year in connection with the taxpayer's trade or business as  
6 expenses which are not chargeable to the capital account. The  
7 expenditures so treated shall be allowed as a deduction, notwithstanding  
8 any changes to the Internal Revenue Code related to the amortization of  
9 such research or experimental expenditures. Such deduction shall be  
10 allowed only to the extent that such research or experimental  
11 expenditures have not already been deducted in determining federal  
12 adjusted gross income or, for corporations and fiduciaries, federal  
13 taxable income.

14 (b) If the taxpayer does not fully deduct the research or  
15 experimental expenditures in the taxable year in which the expenditures  
16 are paid or incurred, the taxpayer may elect to amortize the expenditures  
17 over a five-year irrevocable term.

18 (4) If a deduction under this section is for a corporation having an  
19 election in effect under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, a  
20 cooperative corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, an  
21 estate, or a trust, the deduction may be claimed by the shareholders,  
22 patrons, partners, members, or beneficiaries in the same manner as those  
23 shareholders, patrons, partners, members, or beneficiaries account for  
24 their proportionate shares of the income or losses of the corporation,  
25 cooperative corporation, partnership, limited liability company, estate,  
26 or trust.

27 (5) The Department of Revenue may adopt and promulgate rules and  
28 regulations to implement this section.

29 Sec. 12. Section 77-2717, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is  
30 amended to read:

31 77-2717 (1)(a)(i) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin

1 before January 1, 2014, the tax imposed on all resident estates and  
2 trusts shall be a percentage of the federal taxable income of such  
3 estates and trusts as modified in section 77-2716, plus a percentage of  
4 the federal alternative minimum tax and the federal tax on premature or  
5 lump-sum distributions from qualified retirement plans. The additional  
6 taxes shall be recomputed by (A) substituting Nebraska taxable income for  
7 federal taxable income, (B) calculating what the federal alternative  
8 minimum tax would be on Nebraska taxable income and adjusting such  
9 calculations for any items which are reflected differently in the  
10 determination of federal taxable income, and (C) applying Nebraska rates  
11 to the result. The federal credit for prior year minimum tax, after the  
12 recomputations required by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and the  
13 credits provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act  
14 and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed  
15 as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable income tax credit  
16 shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts under the Angel  
17 Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax  
18 Credit Act, and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act. A  
19 nonrefundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates  
20 and trusts as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act.

21 (ii) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after  
22 January 1, 2014, the tax imposed on all resident estates and trusts shall  
23 be a percentage of the federal taxable income of such estates and trusts  
24 as modified in section 77-2716, plus a percentage of the federal tax on  
25 premature or lump-sum distributions from qualified retirement plans. The  
26 additional taxes shall be recomputed by substituting Nebraska taxable  
27 income for federal taxable income and applying Nebraska rates to the  
28 result. The credits provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise  
29 Tax Credit Act and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act  
30 shall be allowed as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable  
31 income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts



1 under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage  
2 Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and  
3 Development Act, the Nebraska Biodiesel Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska  
4 Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the  
5 Relocation Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax  
6 Credit Act. A nonrefundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all  
7 resident estates and trusts as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and  
8 Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act,  
9 the School Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Child Care Tax Credit Act, the  
10 Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, and  
11 sections 77-27,238, 77-27,240, and 77-27,241.

12 (b) The tax imposed on all nonresident estates and trusts shall be  
13 the portion of the tax imposed on resident estates and trusts which is  
14 attributable to the income derived from sources within this state. The  
15 tax which is attributable to income derived from sources within this  
16 state shall be determined by multiplying the liability to this state for  
17 a resident estate or trust with the same total income by a fraction, the  
18 numerator of which is the nonresident estate's or trust's Nebraska income  
19 as determined by sections 77-2724 and 77-2725 and the denominator of  
20 which is its total federal income after first adjusting each by the  
21 amounts provided in section 77-2716. The federal credit for prior year  
22 minimum tax, after the recomputations required by the Nebraska Revenue  
23 Act of 1967, reduced by the percentage of the total income which is  
24 attributable to income from sources outside this state, and the credits  
25 provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act and the  
26 Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed as a  
27 reduction in the income tax due. A refundable income tax credit shall be  
28 allowed for all nonresident estates and trusts under the Angel Investment  
29 Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act,  
30 the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska  
31 Biodiesel Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the

1 Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the Relocation Incentive Act, and  
2 the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act. A nonrefundable income  
3 tax credit shall be allowed for all nonresident estates and trusts as  
4 provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act,  
5 the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax  
6 Credit Act, the Child Care Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax  
7 Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, and sections 77-27,238,  
8 77-27,240, and 77-27,241.

9 (2) In all instances wherein a fiduciary income tax return is  
10 required under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, a Nebraska  
11 fiduciary return shall be filed, except that a fiduciary return shall not  
12 be required to be filed regarding a simple trust if all of the trust's  
13 beneficiaries are residents of the State of Nebraska, all of the trust's  
14 income is derived from sources in this state, and the trust has no  
15 federal tax liability. The fiduciary shall be responsible for making the  
16 return for the estate or trust for which he or she acts, whether the  
17 income be taxable to the estate or trust or to the beneficiaries thereof.  
18 The fiduciary shall include in the return a statement of each  
19 beneficiary's distributive share of net income when such income is  
20 taxable to such beneficiaries.

21 (3) The beneficiaries of such estate or trust who are residents of  
22 this state shall include in their income their proportionate share of  
23 such estate's or trust's federal income and shall reduce their Nebraska  
24 tax liability by their proportionate share of the credits as provided in  
25 the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage  
26 Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and  
27 Development Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization  
28 Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax  
29 Credit Act, the Child Care Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax  
30 Credit Act, the Nebraska Biodiesel Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Higher  
31 Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the

1 Relocation Incentive Act, the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit  
2 Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, and sections 77-27,238, 77-27,240,  
3 and 77-27,241. There shall be allowed to a beneficiary a refundable  
4 income tax credit under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all  
5 taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2001,  
6 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

7 (4) If any beneficiary of such estate or trust is a nonresident  
8 during any part of the estate's or trust's taxable year, he or she shall  
9 file a Nebraska income tax return which shall include (a) in Nebraska  
10 adjusted gross income that portion of the estate's or trust's Nebraska  
11 income, as determined under sections 77-2724 and 77-2725, allocable to  
12 his or her interest in the estate or trust and (b) a reduction of the  
13 Nebraska tax liability by his or her proportionate share of the credits  
14 as provided in the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska  
15 Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research  
16 and Development Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet  
17 Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School  
18 Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Child Care Tax Credit Act, the Affordable  
19 Housing Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Biodiesel Tax Credit Act, the  
20 Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive  
21 Act, the Relocation Incentive Act, the Renewable Chemical Production Tax  
22 Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, and sections 77-27,238,  
23 77-27,240, and 77-27,241 and shall execute and forward to the fiduciary,  
24 on or before the original due date of the Nebraska fiduciary return, an  
25 agreement which states that he or she will file a Nebraska income tax  
26 return and pay income tax on all income derived from or connected with  
27 sources in this state, and such agreement shall be attached to the  
28 Nebraska fiduciary return for such taxable year.

29 (5) In the absence of the nonresident beneficiary's executed  
30 agreement being attached to the Nebraska fiduciary return, the estate or  
31 trust shall remit a portion of such beneficiary's income which was

1 derived from or attributable to Nebraska sources with its Nebraska return  
2 for the taxable year. For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin  
3 before January 1, 2013, the amount of remittance, in such instance, shall  
4 be the highest individual income tax rate determined under section  
5 77-2715.02 multiplied by the nonresident beneficiary's share of the  
6 estate or trust income which was derived from or attributable to sources  
7 within this state. For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or  
8 after January 1, 2013, the amount of remittance, in such instance, shall  
9 be the highest individual income tax rate determined under section  
10 77-2715.03 multiplied by the nonresident beneficiary's share of the  
11 estate or trust income which was derived from or attributable to sources  
12 within this state. The amount remitted shall be allowed as a credit  
13 against the Nebraska income tax liability of the beneficiary.

14 (6) The Tax Commissioner may allow a nonresident beneficiary to not  
15 file a Nebraska income tax return if the nonresident beneficiary's only  
16 source of Nebraska income was his or her share of the estate's or trust's  
17 income which was derived from or attributable to sources within this  
18 state, the nonresident did not file an agreement to file a Nebraska  
19 income tax return, and the estate or trust has remitted the amount  
20 required by subsection (5) of this section on behalf of such nonresident  
21 beneficiary. The amount remitted shall be retained in satisfaction of the  
22 Nebraska income tax liability of the nonresident beneficiary.

23 (7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise  
24 requires, simple trust shall mean any trust instrument which (a) requires  
25 that all income shall be distributed currently to the beneficiaries, (b)  
26 does not allow amounts to be paid, permanently set aside, or used in the  
27 tax year for charitable purposes, and (c) does not distribute amounts  
28 allocated in the corpus of the trust. Any trust which does not qualify as  
29 a simple trust shall be deemed a complex trust.

30 (8) For purposes of this section, any beneficiary of an estate or  
31 trust that is a grantor trust of a nonresident shall be disregarded and

1 this section shall apply as though the nonresident grantor was the  
2 beneficiary.

3 Sec. 13. Section 77-2733, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
4 amended to read:

5 77-2733 (1) The income of a nonresident individual derived from  
6 sources within this state shall be the sum of the following:

7 (a) The net amount of items of income, gain, loss, and deduction  
8 entering into his or her federal taxable income which are derived from or  
9 connected with sources in this state including (i) his or her  
10 distributive share of partnership income and deductions determined under  
11 section 77-2729, (ii) his or her share of small business corporation or  
12 limited liability company income determined under section 77-2734.01, and  
13 (iii) his or her share of estate or trust income and deductions  
14 determined under section 77-2725; and

15 (b) The portion of the modifications described in section 77-2716  
16 which relates to income derived from sources in this state, including any  
17 modifications attributable to him or her as a partner.

18 (2) Items of income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or  
19 connected with sources within this state are those items attributable to:

20 (a) The ownership or disposition of any interest in real or tangible  
21 personal property in this state;

22 (b) A business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this  
23 state; and

24 (c) Any lottery prize awarded in a lottery game conducted pursuant  
25 to the State Lottery Act.

26 (3) Income from intangible personal property including annuities,  
27 dividends, interest, and gains from the disposition of intangible  
28 personal property shall constitute income derived from sources within  
29 this state only to the extent that such income is from property employed  
30 in a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this state.

31 (4) Deductions with respect to capital losses, net long-term capital

1 gains, and net operating losses shall be based solely on income, gains,  
2 losses, and deductions derived from or connected with sources in this  
3 state, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Tax  
4 Commissioner, but otherwise shall be determined in the same manner as the  
5 corresponding federal deductions.

6 (5) If a business, trade, profession, or occupation is carried on  
7 partly within and partly without this state, the items of income and  
8 deduction derived from or connected with sources within this state shall  
9 be determined by apportionment under rules and regulations to be  
10 prescribed by the Tax Commissioner.

11 (6) Compensation paid by the United States for service in the armed  
12 forces of the United States performed by a nonresident individual shall  
13 not constitute income derived from sources within this state.

14 (7) Compensation paid by a resident estate or trust for services by  
15 a nonresident fiduciary shall constitute income derived from sources  
16 within this state.

17 (8) Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section,  
18 compensation ~~Compensation~~ paid by a business, trade, or profession shall  
19 constitute income derived from sources within this state if:

20 (a) The individual's service is performed entirely within this  
21 state;

22 (b) The individual's service is performed both within and without  
23 this state, but the service performed without this state is incidental to  
24 the individual's service within this state;

25 (c) The individual is a nonresident and the individual's service is  
26 performed without this state for his or her convenience, but the service  
27 is directly related to a business, trade, or profession carried on within  
28 this state and, except for the individual's convenience, the service  
29 could have been performed within this state, provided that such  
30 individual must be present, in connection with such business, trade, or  
31 profession, within this state for more than seven days during the taxable

1 year in which the compensation is earned. Only compensation paid to the  
2 individual for services performed within this state shall constitute  
3 income derived from sources within this state under this subdivision The  
4 ~~individual's service is performed without this state, but the service~~  
5 ~~performed without this state is related to the transactions and activity~~  
6 ~~of the business, trade, or profession carried on within this state; or~~

7 (d) Some of the service is performed in this state and (i) the base  
8 of operations or, if there is no base of operations, the place from which  
9 the service is directed or controlled is in this state or (ii) the base  
10 of operations or the place from which the service is directed or  
11 controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is  
12 performed, but the individual's residence is in this state.

13 (9)(a) For purposes of this subsection:

14 (i) An individual shall be considered present and performing  
15 employment duties within this state for a day if the individual performs  
16 employment duties in this state. Any portion of the day during which the  
17 individual is in transit shall not be considered in determining the  
18 location of an individual's performance of employment duties;

19 (ii) Conference means an event bringing individuals together to  
20 focus and discuss specific topics that are related to the employment of  
21 such individuals;

22 (iii) Employment duty days means days where an individual is earning  
23 wages for work being performed for an employer;

24 (iv) Time and attendance system means a system through which an  
25 individual is required to record the individual's work location for every  
26 day worked outside the state where the individual's employment duties are  
27 primarily performed and which is designed to allow the employer to  
28 allocate the individual's compensation for income tax purposes among all  
29 states in which the individual performs employment duties for the  
30 employer; and

31 (v) Training means the process of increasing the knowledge and

1 skills of an employee to assist in the effective performance of the  
2 employee's job.

3 (b) Compensation paid to a nonresident individual shall not  
4 constitute income derived from sources within this state if all of the  
5 following conditions apply:

6 (i) The compensation is paid for employment duties performed by the  
7 individual while present in this state to attend a conference or  
8 training;

9 (ii) The individual is present in the state for seven or fewer  
10 employment duty days in the taxable year;

11 (iii) The individual performed employment duties in more than one  
12 state during the taxable year; and

13 (iv) Total compensation while in the state does not exceed five  
14 thousand dollars in the taxable year.

15 (c) Compensation paid to a nonresident individual who serves on the  
16 board of directors or similar governing body of a business and that  
17 relates to board or governing body activities taking place in this state  
18 shall not constitute income derived from sources within this state.

19 (d) The Department of Revenue shall not require the payment of any  
20 penalties or interest otherwise applicable for failing to deduct and  
21 withhold income taxes if, when determining whether withholding was  
22 required, the employer met either of the following conditions:

23 (i) The employer, in its sole discretion, maintains a time and  
24 attendance system specifically designed to allocate employee wages for  
25 income tax purposes among all taxing jurisdictions in which an individual  
26 performs employment duties for such employer, and the employer relied on  
27 data from that system not to withhold; or

28 (ii) The employer does not maintain a time and attendance system and  
29 the employer relied on:

30 (A) Its own records, maintained in the regular course of business,  
31 of the individual's location;



1       (B) The individual's reasonable determination of the time the  
2 individual expected to spend performing employment duties in this state,  
3 provided that the employer did not have actual knowledge of fraud on the  
4 part of the individual in making the determination and that the employer  
5 and the individual did not conspire to evade taxation in making the  
6 determination of location;

7       (C) Travel records;

8       (D) Travel expense reimbursement records; or

9       (E) A written statement from the individual of the number of days  
10 spent performing services in this state during the taxable year.

11       Sec. 14. Section 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is  
12 amended to read:

13       77-2734.03 (1)(a) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1,  
14 1997, any (i) insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant  
15 to section 77-908 or 81-523, (ii) electric cooperative organized under  
16 the Joint Public Power Authority Act, or (iii) credit union shall be  
17 credited, in the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue  
18 Act of 1967, with the amount paid during the taxable year as taxes on  
19 such premiums and assessments and taxes in lieu of intangible tax.

20       (b) For taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 1997, any  
21 insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant to section  
22 77-908 or 81-523, any electric cooperative organized under the Joint  
23 Public Power Authority Act, or any credit union shall be credited, in the  
24 computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, with  
25 the amount paid during the taxable year as (i) taxes on such premiums and  
26 assessments included as Nebraska premiums and assessments under section  
27 77-2734.05 and (ii) taxes in lieu of intangible tax.

28       (c) For taxable years commencing or deemed to commence prior to, on,  
29 or after January 1, 1998, any insurer paying a tax on premiums and  
30 assessments pursuant to section 77-908 or 81-523 shall be credited, in  
31 the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967,

1 with the amount paid during the taxable year as assessments allowed as an  
2 offset against premium and related retaliatory tax liability pursuant to  
3 section 44-4233.

4 (2) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a tax credit for  
5 contributions to community betterment programs as provided in the  
6 Community Development Assistance Act.

7 (3) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a refundable  
8 income tax credit under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all  
9 taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2001,  
10 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

11 (4) The changes made to this section by Laws 2004, LB 983, apply to  
12 motor fuels purchased during any tax year ending or deemed to end on or  
13 after January 1, 2005, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
14 amended.

15 (5) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers refundable income  
16 tax credits under the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act,  
17 the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska  
18 Biodiesel Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the  
19 Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the Relocation Incentive Act, and  
20 the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act.

21 (6) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a nonrefundable  
22 income tax credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in  
23 section 77-27,236.

24 (7) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a nonrefundable  
25 income tax credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet  
26 Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School  
27 Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Child Care Tax Credit Act, the Affordable  
28 Housing Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, and sections  
29 77-27,238, 77-27,240, and 77-27,241.

30 Sec. 15. Section 77-3806, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
31 2022, is amended to read:

1           77-3806 (1) The tax return shall be filed and the total amount of  
2 the franchise tax shall be due on the fifteenth day of the third month  
3 after the end of the taxable year. No extension of time to pay the tax  
4 shall be granted. If the Tax Commissioner determines that the amount of  
5 tax can be computed from available information filed by the financial  
6 institutions with either state or federal regulatory agencies, the Tax  
7 Commissioner may, by regulation, waive the requirement for the financial  
8 institutions to file returns.

9           (2) Sections 77-2714 to 77-27,135 relating to deficiencies,  
10 penalties, interest, the collection of delinquent amounts, and appeal  
11 procedures for the tax imposed by section 77-2734.02 shall also apply to  
12 the tax imposed by section 77-3802. If the filing of a return is waived  
13 by the Tax Commissioner, the payment of the tax shall be considered the  
14 filing of a return for purposes of sections 77-2714 to 77-27,135.

15           (3) No refund of the tax imposed by section 77-3802 shall be allowed  
16 unless a claim for such refund is filed within ninety days of the date on  
17 which (a) the tax is due or was paid, whichever is later, (b) a change is  
18 made to the amount of deposits or the net financial income of the  
19 financial institution by a state or federal regulatory agency, or (c) the  
20 Nebraska Investment Finance Authority issues an eligibility statement to  
21 the financial institution pursuant to the Affordable Housing Tax Credit  
22 Act.

23           (4) Any such financial institution shall receive a credit on the  
24 franchise tax as provided under the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act,  
25 the Community Development Assistance Act, the Nebraska Higher Blend Tax  
26 Credit Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act,  
27 the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the Relocation Incentive Act,  
28 and the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act.

29           Sec. 16. Section 77-6831, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
30 2022, is amended to read:

31           77-6831 (1) A taxpayer shall be entitled to the sales and use tax

1 incentives contained in subsection (2) of this section if the taxpayer:

2 (a) Attains a cumulative investment in qualified property of at  
3 least five million dollars and hires at least thirty new employees at the  
4 qualified location or locations before the end of the ramp-up period;

5 (b) Attains a cumulative investment in qualified property of at  
6 least two hundred fifty million dollars and hires at least two hundred  
7 fifty new employees at the qualified location or locations before the end  
8 of the ramp-up period; or

9 (c) Attains a cumulative investment in qualified property of at  
10 least fifty million dollars at the qualified location or locations before  
11 the end of the ramp-up period. To receive incentives under this  
12 subdivision, the taxpayer must meet the following conditions:

13 (i) The average compensation of the taxpayer's employees at the  
14 qualified location or locations for each year of the performance period  
15 must equal at least one hundred fifty percent of the Nebraska statewide  
16 average hourly wage for the year of application;

17 (ii) The taxpayer must offer to its employees who constitute full-  
18 time employees as defined and described in section 4980H of the Internal  
19 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations for such section,  
20 at the qualified location or locations for each year of the performance  
21 period, the opportunity to enroll in minimum essential coverage under an  
22 eligible employer-sponsored plan, as those terms are defined and  
23 described in section 5000A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
24 amended, and the regulations for such section; and

25 (iii) The taxpayer must offer a sufficient package of benefits as  
26 described in subdivision (1)(j) of section 77-6828.

27 (2) A taxpayer meeting the requirements of subsection (1) of this  
28 section shall be entitled to the following sales and use tax incentives:

29 (a) A refund of all sales and use taxes paid under the Local Option  
30 Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, the Qualified Judgment  
31 Payment Act, and sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 from the date of

1 the complete application through the meeting of the required levels of  
2 employment and investment for all purchases, including rentals, of:

3 (i) Qualified property used at the qualified location or locations;

4 (ii) Property, excluding motor vehicles, based in this state and  
5 used in both this state and another state in connection with the  
6 qualified location or locations except when any such property is to be  
7 used for fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected  
8 official;

9 (iii) Tangible personal property by a contractor or repairperson  
10 after appointment as a purchasing agent of the owner of the improvement  
11 to real estate when such property is incorporated into real estate at the  
12 qualified location or locations. The refund shall be based on fifty  
13 percent of the contract price, excluding any land, as the cost of  
14 materials subject to the sales and use tax;

15 (iv) Tangible personal property by a contractor or repairperson  
16 after appointment as a purchasing agent of the taxpayer when such  
17 property is annexed to, but not incorporated into, real estate at the  
18 qualified location or locations. The refund shall be based on the cost of  
19 materials subject to the sales and use tax that were annexed to real  
20 estate; and

21 (v) Tangible personal property by a contractor or repairperson after  
22 appointment as a purchasing agent of the taxpayer when such property is  
23 both (A) incorporated into real estate at the qualified location or  
24 locations and (B) annexed to, but not incorporated into, real estate at  
25 the qualified location or locations. The refund shall be based on fifty  
26 percent of the contract price, excluding any land, as the cost of  
27 materials subject to the sales and use tax; and

28 (b) An exemption from all sales and use taxes under the Local Option  
29 Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, the Qualified Judgment  
30 Payment Act, and sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 on the types of  
31 purchases, including rentals, listed in subdivision (a) of this

1 subsection for such purchases, including rentals, occurring during each  
2 year of the performance period in which the taxpayer is at or above the  
3 required levels of employment and investment, except that the exemption  
4 shall be for the actual materials purchased with respect to subdivisions  
5 (2)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section. The Tax Commissioner shall  
6 issue such rules, regulations, certificates, and forms as are appropriate  
7 to implement the efficient use of this exemption.

8 (3)(a) Upon execution of the agreement, the taxpayer shall be issued  
9 a direct payment permit under section 77-2705.01, notwithstanding the  
10 three million dollars in purchases limitation in subsection (1) of  
11 section 77-2705.01, for each qualified location specified in the  
12 agreement, unless the taxpayer has opted out of this requirement in the  
13 agreement. For any taxpayer who is issued a direct payment permit, until  
14 such taxpayer makes the investment in qualified property and hires the  
15 new employees at the qualified location or locations as specified in  
16 subsection (1) of this section, the taxpayer must pay and remit any  
17 applicable sales and use taxes as required by the Tax Commissioner.

18 (b) If the taxpayer makes the investment in qualified property and  
19 hires the new employees at the qualified location or locations as  
20 specified in subsection (1) of this section, the taxpayer shall receive  
21 the sales tax refunds described in subdivision (2)(a) of this section.  
22 For any year in which the taxpayer is not at the required levels of  
23 employment and investment, the taxpayer shall report all sales and use  
24 taxes owed for the period on the taxpayer's tax return.

25 (4) The taxpayer shall be entitled to one of the following credits  
26 for payment of wages to new employees:

27 (a)(i) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
28 property of at least one million dollars and hires at least ten new  
29 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
30 ramp-up period, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to four  
31 percent times the average wage of new employees times the number of new

1 employees. Wages in excess of one million dollars paid to any one  
2 employee during the year shall be excluded from the calculations under  
3 this subdivision;

4 (ii) If the taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
5 property of at least one million dollars and hires at least ten new  
6 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
7 ramp-up period and the number of new employees and investment are at a  
8 qualified location in a county in Nebraska with a population of one  
9 hundred thousand or greater, and at which the majority of the business  
10 activities conducted are described in subdivision (1)(a) or (1)(n) of  
11 section 77-6818, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to four  
12 percent times the average wage of new employees times the number of new  
13 employees. Wages in excess of one million dollars paid to any one  
14 employee during the year shall be excluded from the calculations under  
15 this subdivision; or

16 (iii) If the taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
17 property of at least one million dollars and hires at least ten new  
18 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
19 ramp-up period and the number of new employees and investment are at a  
20 qualified location or locations within one or more counties in Nebraska  
21 that each have a population of less than one hundred thousand, and at  
22 which the majority of the business activities conducted are described in  
23 subdivision (1)(a) or (1)(n) of section 77-6818, the taxpayer shall be  
24 entitled to a credit equal to six percent times the average wage of new  
25 employees times the number of new employees. For purposes of meeting the  
26 ten-employee requirement of this subdivision, the number of new employees  
27 shall be multiplied by two. Wages in excess of one million dollars paid  
28 to any one employee during the year shall be excluded from the  
29 calculations under this subdivision;

30 (b) If a taxpayer hires at least twenty new employees at the  
31 qualified location or locations before the end of the ramp-up period, the

1 taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to five percent times the  
2 average wage of new employees times the number of new employees if the  
3 average wage of the new employees equals at least one hundred percent of  
4 the Nebraska statewide average hourly wage for the year of application.  
5 The credit shall equal seven percent times the average wage of new  
6 employees times the number of new employees if the average wage of the  
7 new employees equals at least one hundred fifty percent of the Nebraska  
8 statewide average hourly wage for the year of application. The credit  
9 shall equal nine percent times the average wage of new employees times  
10 the number of new employees if the average wage of the new employees  
11 equals at least two hundred percent of the Nebraska statewide average  
12 hourly wage for the year of application. Wages in excess of one million  
13 dollars paid to any one employee during the year shall be excluded from  
14 the calculations under this subdivision;

15 (c) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
16 property of at least five million dollars and hires at least thirty new  
17 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
18 ramp-up period, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to five  
19 percent times the average wage of new employees times the number of new  
20 employees if the average wage of the new employees equals at least one  
21 hundred percent of the Nebraska statewide average hourly wage for the  
22 year of application. The credit shall equal seven percent times the  
23 average wage of new employees times the number of new employees if the  
24 average wage of the new employees equals at least one hundred fifty  
25 percent of the Nebraska statewide average hourly wage for the year of  
26 application. The credit shall equal nine percent times the average wage  
27 of new employees times the number of new employees if the average wage of  
28 the new employees equals at least two hundred percent of the Nebraska  
29 statewide average hourly wage for the year of application. Wages in  
30 excess of one million dollars paid to any one employee during the year  
31 shall be excluded from the calculations under this subdivision;



1 (d) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
2 property of at least two hundred fifty million dollars and hires at least  
3 two hundred fifty new employees at the qualified location or locations  
4 before the end of the ramp-up period, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a  
5 credit equal to seven percent times the average wage of new employees  
6 times the number of new employees if the average wage of the new  
7 employees equals at least one hundred fifty percent of the Nebraska  
8 statewide average hourly wage for the year of application. The credit  
9 shall equal nine percent times the average wage of new employees times  
10 the number of new employees if the average wage of the new employees  
11 equals at least two hundred percent of the Nebraska statewide average  
12 hourly wage for the year of application. Wages in excess of one million  
13 dollars paid to any one employee during the year shall be excluded from  
14 the calculations under this subdivision; or

15 (e) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
16 property of at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars but less than one  
17 million dollars and hires at least five new employees at the qualified  
18 location or locations before the end of the ramp-up period and the number  
19 of new employees and investment are at a qualified location within an  
20 economic redevelopment area, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit  
21 equal to six percent times the average wage of new employees times the  
22 number of new employees if the average wage of the new employees equals  
23 at least seventy percent of the Nebraska statewide average hourly wage  
24 for the year of application. Wages in excess of one million dollars paid  
25 to any one employee during the year shall be excluded from the  
26 calculations under this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision,  
27 economic redevelopment area means an area in which (i) the average rate  
28 of unemployment in the area during the period covered by the most recent  
29 federal decennial census or American Community Survey 5-Year Estimate is  
30 at least one hundred fifty percent of the average rate of unemployment in  
31 the state during the same period and (ii) the average poverty rate in the

1 area exceeds twenty percent for the total federal census tract or tracts  
2 or federal census block group or block groups in the area.

3 (5) The taxpayer shall be entitled to one of the following credits  
4 for new investment:

5 (a)(i) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
6 property of at least one million dollars and hires at least ten new  
7 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
8 ramp-up period, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to four  
9 percent of the investment made in qualified property at the qualified  
10 location or locations;

11 (ii) If the taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
12 property of at least one million dollars and hires at least ten new  
13 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
14 ramp-up period and the number of new employees and investment are at a  
15 qualified location in a county in Nebraska with a population of one  
16 hundred thousand or greater, and at which the majority of the business  
17 activities conducted are described in subdivision (1)(a) or (1)(n) of  
18 section 77-6818, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to four  
19 percent of the investment made in qualified property at the qualified  
20 location or locations unless the cumulative investment exceeds ten  
21 million dollars, in which case the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit  
22 equal to seven percent of the investment made in qualified property at  
23 the qualified location or locations; or

24 (iii) If the taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
25 property of at least one million dollars and hires at least ten new  
26 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
27 ramp-up period and the number of new employees and investment are at a  
28 qualified location or locations within one or more counties in Nebraska  
29 that each have a population of less than one hundred thousand, and at  
30 which the majority of the business activities conducted are described in  
31 subdivision (1)(a) or (1)(n) of section 77-6818, the taxpayer shall be

1 entitled to a credit equal to four percent of the investment made in  
2 qualified property at the qualified location or locations unless the  
3 cumulative investment exceeds ten million dollars, in which case the  
4 taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to seven percent of the  
5 investment made in qualified property at the qualified location or  
6 locations. For purposes of meeting the ten-employee requirement of this  
7 subdivision, the number of new employees shall be multiplied by two;

8 (b) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
9 property of at least five million dollars and hires at least thirty new  
10 employees at the qualified location or locations before the end of the  
11 ramp-up period, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit equal to seven  
12 percent of the investment made in qualified property at the qualified  
13 location or locations;

14 (c) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
15 property of at least two hundred fifty million dollars and hires at least  
16 two hundred fifty new employees at the qualified location or locations  
17 before the end of the ramp-up period, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a  
18 credit equal to seven percent of the investment made in qualified  
19 property at the qualified location or locations; or

20 (d) If a taxpayer attains a cumulative investment in qualified  
21 property of at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars but less than one  
22 million dollars and hires at least five new employees at the qualified  
23 location or locations before the end of the ramp-up period and the number  
24 of new employees and investment are at a qualified location within an  
25 economic redevelopment area, the taxpayer shall be entitled to a credit  
26 equal to four percent of the investment made in qualified property at the  
27 qualified location or locations. For purposes of this subdivision,  
28 economic redevelopment area means an area in which (i) the average rate  
29 of unemployment in the area during the period covered by the most recent  
30 federal decennial census or American Community Survey 5-Year Estimate is  
31 at least one hundred fifty percent of the average rate of unemployment in

1 the state during the same period and (ii) the average poverty rate in the  
2 area exceeds twenty percent for the total federal census tract or tracts  
3 or federal census block group or block groups in the area.

4 (6)(a) The credit percentages prescribed in subdivisions (4)(a),  
5 (b), (c), and (d) and subdivisions (5)(a), (b), and (c) of this section  
6 shall be increased by one percentage point for wages paid and investments  
7 made at qualified locations in an extremely blighted area. For purposes  
8 of this subdivision, extremely blighted area means an area which, before  
9 the end of the ramp-up period, has been declared an extremely blighted  
10 area under section 18-2101.02.

11 (b) The credit percentages prescribed in subsections (4) and (5) of  
12 this section shall be increased by one percentage point if the taxpayer:

13 (i) Is a benefit corporation as defined in section 21-403 and has  
14 been such a corporation for at least one year prior to submitting an  
15 application under the Imagine Nebraska Act; and

16 (ii) Remains a benefit corporation as defined in section 21-403 for  
17 the duration of the taxpayer's agreement under the Imagine Nebraska Act.

18 (c) A taxpayer may, if qualified, receive one or both of the  
19 increases provided in this subsection.

20 (7)(a) The credits prescribed in subsections (4) and (5) of this  
21 section shall be allowable for wages paid and investments made during  
22 each year of the performance period that the taxpayer is at or above the  
23 required levels of employment and investment.

24 (b) The credits prescribed in subsection (5) of this section shall  
25 also be allowable during the first year of the performance period for  
26 investment in qualified property at the qualified location or locations  
27 after the date of the complete application and before the beginning of  
28 the performance period.

29 (8)(a) Property described in subdivision (8)(c) of this section used  
30 at the qualified location or locations, whether purchased or leased, and  
31 placed in service by the taxpayer after the date of the complete

1 application, shall constitute separate classes of property and are  
2 eligible for exemption under the conditions and for the time periods  
3 provided in subdivision (8)(b) of this section.

4 (b) A taxpayer shall receive the exemption of property in  
5 subdivision (8)(c) of this section if the taxpayer attains one of the  
6 following employment and investment levels: (i) Cumulative investment in  
7 qualified property of at least five million dollars and the hiring of at  
8 least thirty new employees at the qualified location or locations before  
9 the end of the ramp-up period; (ii) cumulative investment in qualified  
10 property of at least fifty million dollars at the qualified location or  
11 locations before the end of the ramp-up period, provided the average  
12 compensation of the taxpayer's employees at the qualified location or  
13 locations for the year in which such investment level was attained equals  
14 at least one hundred fifty percent of the Nebraska statewide average  
15 hourly wage for the year of application and the taxpayer offers to its  
16 employees who constitute full-time employees as defined and described in  
17 section 4980H of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the  
18 regulations for such section, at the qualified location or locations for  
19 the year in which such investment level was attained, the opportunity to  
20 enroll in minimum essential coverage under an eligible employer-sponsored  
21 plan, as those terms are defined and described in section 5000A of the  
22 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations for such  
23 section; or (iii) cumulative investment in qualified property of at least  
24 two hundred fifty million dollars and the hiring of at least two hundred  
25 fifty new employees at the qualified location or locations before the end  
26 of the ramp-up period. Such property shall be eligible for the exemption  
27 from the first January 1 following the end of the year during which the  
28 required levels were exceeded through the ninth December 31 after the  
29 first year property included in subdivision (8)(c) of this section  
30 qualifies for the exemption, except that for a taxpayer who has filed an  
31 application under NAICS code 518210 for Data Processing, Hosting, and

1 Related Services and who files a separate sequential application for the  
2 same NAICS code for which the ramp-up period begins with the year  
3 immediately after the end of the previous project's performance period or  
4 a taxpayer who has a project qualifying under subdivision (1)(b)(ii) of  
5 section 77-5725 and who files a separate sequential application for NAICS  
6 code 518210 for Data Processing, Hosting, and Related Services for which  
7 the ramp-up period begins with the year immediately after the end of the  
8 previous project's entitlement period, such property described in  
9 subdivision (8)(c)(i) of this section shall be eligible for the exemption  
10 from the first January 1 following the placement in service of such  
11 property through the ninth December 31 after the year the first claim for  
12 exemption is approved.

13 (c) The following personal property used at the qualified location  
14 or locations, whether purchased or leased, and placed in service by the  
15 taxpayer after the date of the complete application shall constitute  
16 separate classes of personal property:

17 (i) All personal property that constitutes a data center if the  
18 taxpayer qualifies under subdivision (8)(b)(i) or (8)(b)(ii) of this  
19 section;

20 (ii) Business equipment that is located at a qualified location or  
21 locations and that is involved directly in the manufacture or processing  
22 of agricultural products, including business equipment used primarily for  
23 the capture and compression of carbon dioxide, if the taxpayer qualifies  
24 under subdivision (8)(b)(i) or (8)(b)(ii) of this section; or

25 (iii) All personal property if the taxpayer qualifies under  
26 subdivision (8)(b)(iii) of this section.

27 (d) In order to receive the property tax exemptions allowed by  
28 subdivision (8)(c) of this section, the taxpayer shall annually file a  
29 claim for exemption with the Tax Commissioner on or before May 1. The  
30 form and supporting schedules shall be prescribed by the Tax Commissioner  
31 and shall list all property for which exemption is being sought under

1 this section. A separate claim for exemption must be filed for each  
2 agreement and each county in which property is claimed to be exempt. A  
3 copy of this form must also be filed with the county assessor in each  
4 county in which the applicant is requesting exemption. The Tax  
5 Commissioner shall determine whether a taxpayer is eligible to obtain  
6 exemption for personal property based on the criteria for exemption and  
7 the eligibility of each item listed for exemption and, on or before  
8 August 1, certify such determination to the taxpayer and to the affected  
9 county assessor.

10 (9) The taxpayer shall, on or before the receipt or use of any  
11 incentives under this section, pay to the director a fee of one-half  
12 percent of such incentives, except for the exemption on personal  
13 property, for administering the Imagine Nebraska Act, except that the fee  
14 on any sales tax exemption may be paid by the taxpayer with the filing of  
15 its sales and use tax return. Such fee may be paid by direct payment to  
16 the director or through withholding of available refunds. A credit shall  
17 be allowed against such fee for the amount of the fee paid with the  
18 application. All fees collected under this subsection shall be remitted  
19 to the State Treasurer for credit to the Imagine Nebraska Cash Fund,  
20 which fund is hereby created. The fund shall consist of fees credited  
21 under this subsection and any other money appropriated to the fund by the  
22 Legislature. The fund shall be administered by the Department of Economic  
23 Development and shall be used for administration of the Imagine Nebraska  
24 Act. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by  
25 the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion  
26 Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

27 Sec. 17. Section 81-523, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
28 2022, is amended to read:

29 81-523 (1) For the purpose of maintaining the office of the State  
30 Fire Marshal and such other fire prevention activities as the Governor  
31 may direct, every foreign and alien insurance company including

1 nonresident attorneys for subscribers to reciprocal insurance exchanges  
2 shall, on or before March 1, pay a tax to the Director of Insurance of  
3 three-fourths of one percent of the gross direct writing premiums and  
4 assessments received by each of such companies during the preceding  
5 calendar year for fire insurance business done in this state.

6 (2) For the purpose set forth in subsection (1) of this section,  
7 every domestic insurance company including resident attorneys for  
8 subscribers to reciprocal insurance exchanges shall, on or before March  
9 1, pay a tax to the Director of Insurance of three-eighths of one percent  
10 of the gross direct writing premiums and assessments received by each of  
11 such companies during the preceding calendar year for fire insurance  
12 business done in this state.

13 (3) The term fire insurance business, as used in subsections (1),  
14 (2), and (4) of this section, shall include, but not be limited to,  
15 premiums of policies on fire risks on automobiles, whether written under  
16 floater form or otherwise.

17 (4) Return premiums on fire insurance business, subject to the fire  
18 insurance tax, in accordance with subsections (1) and (2) of this  
19 section, may be deducted from the gross direct writing premiums for the  
20 purpose of the tax calculations provided for by subsections (1) and (2)  
21 of this section. In the case of mutual companies and assessment  
22 associations, the dividends paid or credited to policyholders or members  
23 in this state shall be construed to be return premiums.

24 (5) Any tax collected pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this  
25 section shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the  
26 General Fund.

27 (6) An insurance company described in this section shall receive a  
28 credit on the tax imposed under this section as provided in the  
29 Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act and the Relocation Incentive Act.

30 Sec. 18. Section 86-704, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
31 amended to read:



1           86-704 (1) Any telecommunications company, incorporated or qualified  
2 to do business in this state, is granted the right to construct, operate,  
3 and maintain telecommunications lines and related facilities along, upon,  
4 across, and under the public highways of this state, and upon and under  
5 lands in this state, whether state or privately owned, except that (a)  
6 such lines and related facilities shall be so constructed and maintained  
7 as not to interfere with the ordinary use of such lands or of such  
8 highways by the public and (b) all aerial wires and cables shall be  
9 placed at a height of not less than eighteen feet above all highway  
10 crossings.

11           (2) Sections 86-701 to 86-707 shall not transfer the rights now  
12 vested in municipalities in relation to the regulation of the poles,  
13 wires, cables, and other appliances or authorize a telecommunications  
14 company to erect any poles or construct any conduit, cable, or other  
15 facilities along, upon, across, or under a public highway within a  
16 municipality without first obtaining the consent of the governing body of  
17 the municipality. The municipality shall not exercise any authority over  
18 any rights the telecommunications company may have to deliver  
19 telecommunications services as authorized by the Public Service  
20 Commission or the Federal Communications Commission.

21           (3) Consent from a governing body for the use of a public highway  
22 within a municipality shall be based upon a lawful exercise of its  
23 statutory and constitutional authority. Such consent shall not be  
24 unreasonably withheld, and a preference or disadvantage shall not be  
25 created through the granting or withholding of such consent. A  
26 municipality shall not adopt an ordinance that prohibits or has the  
27 effect of prohibiting the ability of a telecommunications company to  
28 provide telecommunications service.

29           (4)(a) A municipality shall not levy a tax, fee, or charge for any  
30 right or privilege of engaging in a telecommunications business or for  
31 the use by a telecommunications company of a public highway other than:

1           ~~(i) An (i)(A) Until January 1, 2013, an occupation tax authorized~~  
2 ~~under section 14-109, 15-202, 15-203, 16-205, or 17-525; and (B)~~  
3 ~~Beginning January 1, 2013, an occupation tax authorized under section~~  
4 ~~14-109, 15-202, 15-203, 16-205, or 17-525 that meets the following~~  
5 ~~requirements:~~

6           ~~(A) (I)~~ The occupation tax shall be imposed only on the receipts  
7 from the sale of telecommunications service as defined in subdivision (7)  
8 (aa) of section 77-2703.04; and

9           ~~(B) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the (II)~~  
10 ~~The occupation tax shall not exceed:~~

11           ~~(I) Before October 1, 2024, six and twenty-five hundredths percent;~~  
12 ~~and~~

13           ~~(II) Beginning October 1, 2024, four percent except as provided in~~  
14 ~~subsection (5) of this section; and~~

15           (ii) A public highway construction permit fee or charge to the  
16 extent that the fee or charge applies to all persons seeking use of the  
17 public highway in a substantially similar manner. All public highway  
18 construction permit fees or charges shall be directly related to the  
19 costs incurred by the municipality in providing services relating to the  
20 granting or administration of permits. Any highway construction permit  
21 fee or charge shall also be reasonably related in time to the occurrence  
22 of such costs.

23           (b) Any tax, fee, or charge imposed by a municipality shall be  
24 competitively neutral.

25           (5) ~~A Beginning January 1, 2013, a municipality may increase an~~  
26 ~~occupation tax described in subdivision (4)(a)(i) (4)(a)(i)(B) of this~~  
27 ~~section to a rate that exceeds the limit contained in subdivision (4)(a)~~  
28 ~~(i)(B) (4)(a)(i)(B)(II) of this section if the question of whether to~~  
29 ~~increase such rate has been submitted at a primary or general election at~~  
30 ~~which members of the governing body of the municipality are nominated or~~  
31 ~~elected or at a special election held within the municipality and in~~

1 which all registered voters shall be entitled to vote on such question. A  
2 municipality may not increase its existing rate pursuant to this  
3 subsection by more than twenty-five hundredths percent at any one  
4 election. The officials of the municipality shall order the submission of  
5 the question by submitting a certified copy of the resolution proposing  
6 the rate increase to the election commissioner or county clerk at least  
7 fifty days before the election. The election shall be conducted in  
8 accordance with the Election Act. If a majority of the votes cast upon  
9 such question are in favor of such rate increase, then the governing body  
10 of such municipality shall be empowered to impose the rate increase. If a  
11 majority of those voting on the question are opposed to such rate  
12 increase, then the governing body of the municipality shall not impose  
13 such rate increase.

14 (6) The changes made by Laws 1999, LB 496, shall not be construed to  
15 affect the terms or conditions of any franchise, license, or permit  
16 issued by a municipality prior to August 28, 1999, or to release any  
17 party from any obligations thereunder. Such franchises, licenses, or  
18 permits shall remain fully enforceable in accordance with their terms. A  
19 municipality may lawfully enter into agreements with franchise holders,  
20 licensees, or permittees to modify or terminate an existing franchise,  
21 license, or agreement.

22 (7) Taxes or fees shall not be collected by a municipality through  
23 the provision of in-kind services by a telecommunications company, and a  
24 municipality shall not require the provision of in-kind services as a  
25 condition of consent to the use of a public highway.

26 (8) The terms of any agreement between a municipality and a  
27 telecommunications company regarding use of public highways shall be  
28 matters of public record and shall be made available to any member of the  
29 public upon request, except that information submitted to a municipality  
30 by a telecommunications company which such telecommunications company  
31 determines to be proprietary shall be deemed to be a trade secret

1 pursuant to subdivision (3) of section 84-712.05 and shall be accorded  
2 full protection from disclosure to third parties in a manner consistent  
3 with state law.

4       Sec. 19. Sections 13 and 21 of this act become operative for all  
5 taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2025,  
6 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The other sections  
7 of this act become operative on their effective date.

8       Sec. 20. If any section in this act or any part of any section is  
9 declared invalid or unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect  
10 the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions.

11       Sec. 21. Original section 77-2733, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
12 Nebraska, is repealed.

13       Sec. 22. Original section 86-704, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
14 Nebraska, sections 77-908, 77-3806, 77-6831, and 81-523, Revised Statutes  
15 Cumulative Supplement, 2022, and sections 77-2701, 77-2715.07, 77-2716,  
16 77-2717, and 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, are repealed.